

The Role of Regulators in Growing the Islamic Banking Sector

Ahmad Buchori

Deputy Director

Policy Review and International Standard Division Head Islamic Banking Department - Bank Indonesia

Presentation for IFN Issuers & Investors Indonesia Forum 2012

Jakarta, 16 April 2012

Islamic banking and finance is the world most attractive finance phenomenon > Most of the international organization and most of countries have given much attention on this.

- World Bank, IMF, United Nations & Vatican
- Countries in Asia such as Japan, South Korea, Singapore and China
- Western countries such as USA, United Kingdom, France and Germany.



- Islamic bank was established in Indonesia since 1992 legalized by Banking Act No. 7 Year 1992 and initiated by est. Bank Muamalat Indonesia (BMI).
- The development of Islamic banking in Indonesia is driven by 3 unique factors:
 - a. social demand particularly Moslem people
 - b. the government, central bank and parliament support
 - c. national heritage
- Some specific operations which make it different from others:
 - a. 77% allocation of funds to SMEs.
 - b. average FDR 101% in the last two decades.
 - c. the investment based financing (Mudarabah and Musharakah financing) tends to pace an increasing trend.



Overview on Indonesian Islamic Banking & Finance

Indonesian Islamic Banking Main Indicators

shariah Comm Banks	2	3	5	- 11
shariah Business Unit	3	20	25	24
shariah Rural Banks	80	105	131	155
Offices	102	693	1.069	2.380
Assets	2.7T	26.7T	49.5 T	149T
Deposits	1.8T	20.6 T	36.8T	116.9T
Financing	2.0 T	20.4T	38.2T	106.5 T
Deposits Account	0,33 mio	1,99 mio	3,8 mio	8,7 mio
	2001	2006	2008	2012 (Feb)



Immediate problems that need to be solved:

- a. the human resources gap both in quantity and quality.
- b. the innovation of products and services
- c. the continuity of disemination and public education

Other challenges:

- a. legal infrastructure for Islamic banking
- b. product codification and global regulations standard
- c. 'real rate of return' references



iB Development Policy Direction 2012

☐ Strengthening iB intermediation function into productive economic sector Expand the capacity and more active in productive sector (besides in services and consumptions), and if possible in financing the MP3EI (Master plan of Indonesia's development growth and expand). ☐ Developing and enhancing of iB Product Development Updating product codification and licensing process, product development strategic plan ☐ Strengthening sinergy with holding bank but still develop the iB infrastructure Holding bank and it's iB should together identify problem and solution with action plan to strengthen the sinergy by accommodate the holding bank and iB infrastructure development. ☐ Strengthening education and communication of iB by focussing in parity and distinctiveness iB "inclusive" image to be more communicated, also education of the functional benefits and product variation of iB by focussing in parity and distinctiveness. ☐ Strengthening good governance and risk management of iB business activities i.e. Screening management iB through its character, integrity and competency, then regulation of new product and activities for prudential purposes to protect customers. ☐ Strengthening supervisory policy Improving supervisory infrastructure such as: panel forum, integrated of supervision system, improving bank's reporting and accounting standard.



End of Presentation Thank You.

Islamic Banking Department, Bank Indonesia
MH Thamrin Street #. 2 R. Prawiro Building, 21-22 Floor, Jakarta 10350
Fax. (021) 350 1989 / 1990

http://www.bi.go.id

E-mail: dbps@bi.go.id

